SAFETY DATA SHEET



Iloform PN 223

Section 1. Identification

Product name Iloform PN 223
Product code 460668-AU22
SDS no. 460668

Use of the substance/mixture Metalworking fluid - neat.

For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our

company representative.

Product type Liquid.

Supplier BP Oil New Zealand Limited Ground floor and 1st floor

Watercare House 73 Remuera Road Newmarket Auckland New Zealand

Phone 09 969 9300

Emergency telephone number 0800 243643 (0800 CHEMHELP) (NZ use only)

New Zealand National Poisons

Centre

0800 764 766 National Poison Centre

OTHER PRODUCT Technical Helpline 0800 10 40 60 INFORMATION

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category D

6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B

6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (aspiration) (oral) - Category E

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

This material is not classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Routes of entry Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

GHS label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statementsCombustible liquid.
Causes mild skin irritation.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and

hot surfaces.

Response Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF SWALLOWED: Do

NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Symbol



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Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixtur

Hydrocarbon solvent and additives.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	95 - 100	64742-48-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and

cause damage.

Skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physicianTreatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

Product can be aspirated on swallowing or following regurgitation of stomach contents, and can cause severe and potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis, which will require urgent treatment. Because of the risk of aspiration, induction of vomiting and gastric lavage should be avoided. Gastric lavage should be undertaken only

after endotracheal intubation. Monitor for cardiac dysrhythmias.

Protection of first-aidersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may

create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

No specific data.

Hazchem code

Not available.

Special precautions for fire-

fighters

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use

water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Fire-fighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

and full turnout gear.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Eliminate all ignition sources. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contact emergency personnel.

For emergency responders

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. The method and equipment used must be in conformance with appropriate regulations and industry practice on explosive atmospheres. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. The method and equipment used must be in conformance with appropriate regulations and industry practice on explosive atmospheres. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Never siphon by mouth. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. During metal working, solid particles from workpieces or tools will contaminate the fluid and may cause abrasions of the skin. Where such abrasions result in a penetration of the skin, first aid treatment should be applied as soon as reasonably possible. The presence of certain metals in the workpiece or tool, such as chromium, cobalt and nickel, can contaminate the metalworking fluid and as a result may induce allergic skin reactions. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame. - No smoking. Concentrations of mist, fumes and vapours in enclosed spaces may result in the formation of explosive atmospheres. Excessive splashing, agitation or heating must be avoided. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection Hand protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Skin protection

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Wear clothing and footwear that cannot be penetrated by chemicals or oil. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use with adequate ventilation. Recommended: half-face mask - organic vapor filter (Type A). The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Colour Amber. Odour Not available. pН Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. **Drop Point** Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: 62°C (143.6°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Not available. Vapour pressure Vapour density Not available.

<1000 kg/m3 (<1 g/cm3) at 15°C **Density**

Solubility insoluble in water.

Kinematic: 2 mm²/s (2 cSt) at 40°C **Viscosity**

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Avoid excessive heat. Do

not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or

sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

Hazardous decomposition

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Aspiration hazard if swallowed -- harmful or Ingestion

fatal if liquid is aspirated into lungs.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation Exposure to high concentrations can cause dizziness, lightheadedness, headache,

nausea and blurred vision. Higher levels may cause unconsciousness.

May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from

thermal decomposition products occurs.

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Potential chronic health effects

General No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

of the respiratory tract.

IngestionNot applicable.Skin contactNot applicable.Eye contactNot applicable.

CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aspiration hazard

Name

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Mobility Volatile. Liquid. insoluble in water.

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
New Zealand Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG*: Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand Regulatory Information

HSNO Approval Number HSR002602

HSNO Group Standard
Lubricants (Combustible) Group Standard 2006

HSNO Classification
3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category D
6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B

6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (aspiration) (oral) - Category E

Regulation according to other foreign laws

REACH Status For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as

identified in Section 1.

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

All components are active or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS)

Canada inventory status

China inventory (IECSC)

Japan inventory (ENCS)

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical

All components are listed or exempted.

Substances Inventory (TCSI)

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of

30 October 2019

revision

Date of previous issue No previous validation.

Version 1

Prepared by Not available.

Key to abbreviations Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5,

64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0,

72623-87-1

Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Section 16. Other information

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.

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